# Worried about **antibiotic** use and resistance in **Cattle?**

# It's important to us too.

## WHERE DOES ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE COME FROM?

When antibiotics are used, bacteria that are responsive to the drug are killed, and bacteria that aren't responsive (are resistant) survive and reproduce.

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- П few are drug resistant.
- Antibiotics kill disease-causing 2 bacteria, as well as some good bacteria that protect the body

ANTIBIOTIC RESISTANCE

The Lechuguilla Cave in New

Mexico has bacteria that have

lived in complete isolation for

more than four million years.

antibiotics, many of these

When treated with a variety of

bacteria were naturally resistant.1

HAPPENS NATURALLY

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- Some bacteria share their 4 drug-resistance with other bacteria.

# **ALL** BEEF IS ANTIBIOTIC FREE

A specified withdrawal time must pass after the last treatment to ensure that there are no antibiotic residues left in the beef. The Canadian Food Inspection Agency regularly tests for residues. In 2013, over 99.9% of both domestic and imported beef products were free from residues. If residues are found, the beef is not allowed to enter the food chain.11

# WHY ARE ANTIBIOTICS USED IN CATTLE?

**Ensuring animal welfare:** providing care to sick cattle, including using antibiotics when appropriate, is the humane thing to do.



### **GROWTH PROMOTION**

A category of antibiotics called ionophores help boost growth in cattle. lonophores are not

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used in human medicine, and work differently than medically important antibiotics. There is no evidence that use of ionophores causes increased resistance to antibiotics used in human medicine.<sup>3,4</sup>



REVENTION

# **ANTIBIOTICS** IN FEED

antibiotic is used in feed does not mean it is being used to promote growth. It is often better for sick animals to be treated through feed

not our right to be able to use antibiotics in the animals that we take care of." Dr. Craig Dorin, Veterinarian



Preventing infection can reduce the need to use more powerful antibiotics if the disease becomes

more serious. Preventive antibiotics are also used in human medicine, like with people who are exposed to bacterial meningitis.



### TREATMENT AND CONTROL OF DISEASE

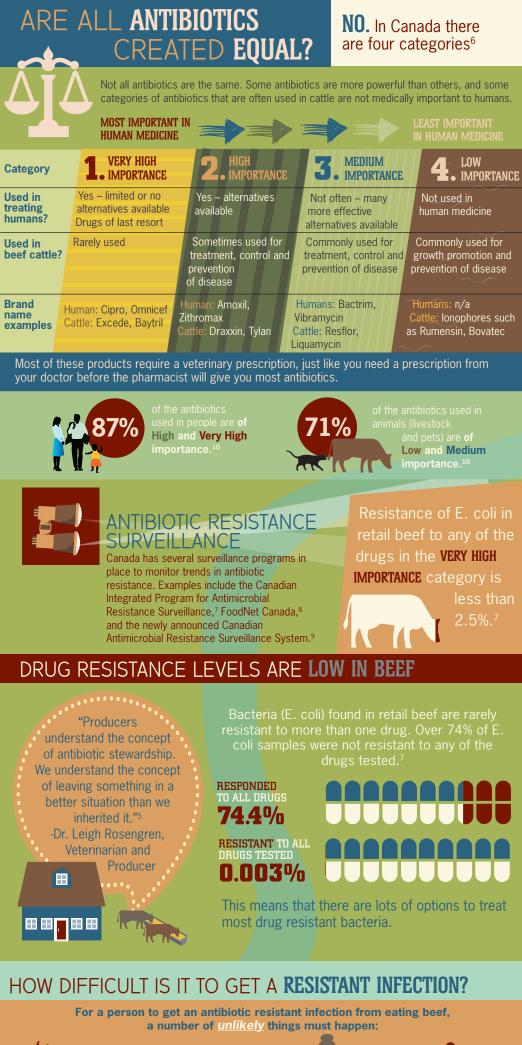
Cattle sometimes get sick, just like people, pets, and other livestock.

Antibiotics can help protect animal health by limiting the spread of disease.



### www.albertabeef.org

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antibiotic resistant bacteria develops



bacteria survives multiple food safety controls during processing



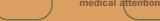
1 bacteria causes illness in person

illness is ere enough to warrant Doctor prescribes antibiotic



illness fails to respond to treatment because

in animal



bacteria is prescribed antibiotic<sup>12</sup>

### If beef is cooked properly, the antibiotic resistant bacteria die – breaking the chain of unlikely events. The probability of human illness in the U.S. due to drug resistant food poisoning (campylobacteriosis) is about one in 236 million.<sup>12</sup> Being killed by an asteroid is 1000 times more likely.<sup>18</sup>

**Regardless of** production system, beef is an important part of a healthy diet.

Producers take their ethical responsibility to protect the health and welfare of their families and animals very seriously, which includes using antibiotics when appropriate

Producers also have a responsibility to use antibiotics with good judgment Surveillance<sup>7</sup> indicating low resistance in cattle to antibiotics of importance in human medicine shows they are doing just that. Canada's Verified Beef Production™ program outlines responsible practices for producers, and provides training on how to use antibiotics properly.1

Previous research showed no predictable or uniform increase in resistance between cattle raised with the use of antibiotics and those raised without.14 Antibiotic use in agriculture is just one small part of the whole antibiotic resistance picture that also includes humans and pets.15,1



For references and more information about the beef industry, please visit the consumer section of www.albertabeef.org